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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/901,275	07/09/2001	Arnd Krusche	450117-03255	7558
20999 75	590 08/13/2004		EXAMINER	
FROMMER LAWRENCE & HAUG			ZHOU, TING	
745 FIFTH AVENUE- 10TH FL. NEW YORK, NY 10151			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
TVE W TOTAL, T	111 10101		2173	
			DATE MAILED: 08/13/200	4

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.



	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
	09/901,275	KRUSCHE ET AL.			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	Ting Zhou	2173			
The MAILING DATE of this communication Period for Reply	appears on the cover sheet w	ith the correspondence address			
· ·	DIVIS SET TO EVDIDE 2 M	MONTH(S) EDOM			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR RE THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATIO - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFF after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory pe - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by st Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the meaned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	N. R 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a control. It reply within the statutory minimum of thir riod will apply and will expire SIX (6) MON atute, cause the application to become Af	reply be timely filed ty (30) days will be considered timely. NTHS from the mailing date of this communication. BANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status					
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 1	<u>0 May 2004</u> .				
2a)⊠ This action is FINAL . 2b)□ ⁻					
3) Since this application is in condition for allo	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is				
closed in accordance with the practice und	er Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D). 11, 453 O.G. 213.			
Disposition of Claims					
4) Claim(s) 13-43 is/are pending in the application	ation.				
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are with	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.				
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.					
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>13-43</u> is/are rejected.					
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.					
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction ar	nd/or election requirement.				
Application Papers					
9) The specification is objected to by the Exan	niner.				
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on 10 May 2004 is/are:	: a)⊠ accepted or b)□ obje	cted to by the Examiner.			
Applicant may not request that any objection to	the drawing(s) be held in abeya	nce. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).			
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the con	rrection is required if the drawing	y(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).			
11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the	e Examiner. Note the attache	d Office Action or form PTO-152.			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
12)⊠ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for fore	eign priority under 35 U.S.C.	§ 119(a)-(d) or (f).			
a)⊠ All b)□ Some * c)□ None of:		3 () (() .			
1.⊠ Certified copies of the priority docum	nents have been received.				
2. Certified copies of the priority docum		Application No.			
3. Copies of the certified copies of the					
application from the International Bu		<u>.</u>			
* See the attached detailed Office action for a		received.			
Attoch					
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview	Summary (PTO-413)			
2) D Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	Paper No(s)/Mail Date			
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB	3/08) 5) ∐ Notice of I	Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)			
Paper No(s)/Mail Date	6)				

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DETAILED ACTION

1. The amendment filed on 10 May 2004 have been received and entered. Original claims 1-12 have been cancelled by the Applicant and are therefore withdrawn from consideration. Newly added claims 13-43 are now pending in the application.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

2. Claim 43 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

Claim 43 recites the limitation "the claimed functionality" in line 3 of the claim.

There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claim.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

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3. Claims 13-15, 18-26, 28-30, 33-41 and 43 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Microsoft Windows, copyright 1998 (Screenshot 1).

Referring to claims 13 and 28, Microsoft Windows teaches a method and manmachine interface comprising determining a connection of one or more devices to a
network, determining availability of one or more multimedia services available via one or
more devices connected to the network, and displaying a hierarchical view representative
of the one or more devices connected to the network and the one or more available
multimedia services (Screenshot 2 shows a hierarchical display of devices that are
connected to the computer network; for example, the connected devices include the
availability of devices providing multimedia services such as an audio CD drive, a
printer, etc.).

Referring to claims 14 and 29, Microsoft Windows teaches determining a connection of all devices connected to the network (the Microsoft Windows Explorer display shown in Screenshot 2 shows all of the devices, software and functions associated with and connected to the computer system).

Referring to claims 15 and 30, Microsoft Windows teaches determining availability of all multimedia services available via devices determined to be connected to the network (the Microsoft Windows Explorer display shown in Screenshot 2 shows all of the devices, including those devices that provide multimedia services such as the printer, software and functions associated with and connected to the computer system).

Referring to claims 18 and 33, Microsoft Windows teaches operating the one or more devices and the one or more available multimedia services represented in the hierarchical view responsive to a user operation including a drag and drop operation, a

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cut and paste operation, and a copy and paste operation (Screenshot 3 shows the user can perform operations such as cut and copy to the multimedia service associated with the audio CD drive in which 16 tracks are displayed; furthermore, Screenshot 4 shows the paste operation and Screenshot 5 shows the drag and drop operation).

Referring to claims 19 and 34, Microsoft Windows teaches communicating multimedia data (selecting a track shown in Screenshot 6 to play the corresponding media file).

Referring to claims 20 and 35, Microsoft Windows teaches communicating multimedia data using a device capable of providing the one or more multimedia services (for example, if one of the audio tracks in Screenshot 6 is selected by the user, then the system will provide the multimedia service, or play the selected track, using an appropriate audio player, as shown in Screenshot 7).

Referring to claims 21 and 36, Microsoft Windows teaches selecting one device from the hierarchical view representation of the one or more devices connected to the network (selecting one of the devices from the hierarchical display, such as selecting "Audio CD (E:)" in Screenshot 6), selecting one multimedia service from the hierarchical view representation of the one or more available services (selecting one of the multimedia tracks shown in Screenshot 6), displaying a context sensitive menu associated with the one selected device and the one selected multimedia service (displaying the context sensitive menu associated with the selected track from the selected device, as shown in Screenshot 8), and operating the one selected device and the one selected multimedia service in accordance with a selection from the context sensitive menu (for

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example, if the user selects the play option from the context sensitive menu shown in Screenshot 8, then the system will play the selected audio track).

Referring to claims 22 and 37, Microsoft Windows teaches communicating multimedia data involving an operated device (playing the audio track in the Audio CD (E:) device) (Screenshot 7).

Referring to claims 23 and 38, Microsoft Windows teaches communicating multimedia data using a device capable of providing the one or more multimedia services (as shown in Screenshot 7, the selected audio file is played using an appropriate audio player).

Referring to claims 24 and 39, Microsoft Windows teaches the hierarchical view is organized in accordance with predetermined, user-selectable rules (as shown in Screenshot 9, the items in the hierarchical display arrangement can be organized and displayed according to user preferences, such as by name, date, size, type, etc.).

Referring to claims 25 and 40, Microsoft Windows teaches the hierarchical view is organized according to the kind of devices connected to the network (as shown in Screenshots 6 and 10, devices are grouped together by type such that audio track files are displayed with other audio track files and printer devices are displayed with other printer devices, etc.).

Referring to claims 26 and 41, Microsoft Windows teaches the hierarchical view is organized according to the kind of multimedia services available via devices connected to the network (as shown in Screenshot 10, the multimedia services provided by the printer devices are organized according to the type of printers, such as Cannon, HP, etc.).

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Referring to claim 43, Microsoft Windows teaches the man-machine interface is a computer program product configured for execution on a computer for effecting the claimed functionality (Microsoft Windows is a software interface, which provides a point of interaction, or communication between a computer and any other entity).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 4. Claims 16-17 and 31-32 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Microsoft Windows, copyright 1998 (Screenshot 1), as applied to claims 13 and 28 above, and Mitchell et al. U.S. Patent 6,628,304.

Referring to claims 16 and 31, Microsoft Windows teaches all of the limitations as applied to claims 13 and 28 above. Specifically, Microsoft Windows teaches one or more sub-networks integrated into the network, where the hierarchical view is representative of the sub-networks, and respective representations of the sub-networks are of higher hierarchical order than devices and multimedia services thereof (Screenshot 2 shows the hierarchical display of sub-networks within the network, such as sub-networks "C:" and "Removable Disk (D:)" under the network "My Computer"; furthermore, the above mentioned sub-networks of "C:" and "Removable Disk (D:)" are higher in the hierarchical display than multimedia devices and services such as "Audio

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CD (E:)" and "Printers"). However, Microsoft Windows fails to explicitly teach the use of a bridge to integrate the sub-networks into the network. Mitchell et al. teach a method of providing a user interface for navigating hierarchically displayed networks (Mitchell et al.: column 4, lines 57-67) similar to that of Microsoft Windows. In addition, Mitchell et al. further teach the representation and display of sub-networks within the network and interconnecting computer systems with a plurality of communication devices such as bridges (Mitchell et al.: column 1, lines 60-63 and column 7, lines 21-43). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art, having the teachings of Microsoft Windows and Mitchell et al. before him at the time the invention was made, to modify the method for displaying information relating to a network of Microsoft Windows to include the integrating of sub-networks via the use of communication devices such as bridges, as taught by Mitchell et al. One would have been motivated to make such a combination in order to have the versatility to connect different kinds of networks, since communication devices such as a bridge allows the interconnection of many different types of networks. For example, PC computers can be connected to home appliances such as a VCR and also to an electronic device such as a Walkman.

Referring to claims 17 and 32, Microsoft Windows teaches the hierarchical view is organized according to the kind of sub-networks connected to the network (the sub-networks are grouped according to the kind of devices within it, for example, the hierarchical view of the network "My Computer" contains the separate sub-networks of "3½ Floppy (A:)", "(C:)", "Removable Disk (D:)" etc., as shown in Screenshot 2).

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5. Claims 27 and 42 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Microsoft Windows, copyright 1998 (Screenshot 1), as applied to claims 13 and 28 above, and Lea et al. U.S. Patent 6,032,202.

Referring to claims 27 and 42, Microsoft Windows teaches all of the limitations as applied to claims 13 and 28 above. However, Microsoft Windows fails to explicitly teach the use of audio video command (AV/C) protocol for controlling the devices and/or services. Lea et al. teach a method for integrating and operating a plurality of devices in a network (Lea et al.: column 2, lines 35-56) similar to that of Microsoft Windows. In addition, Lea et al. further teach the use of AV/C protocol for controlling the devices and/or services (Lea et al.: column 17, lines 43-46 and column 18, lines 30-34). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art, having the teachings of Microsoft Windows and Lea et al. before him at the time the invention was made, to modify the method for displaying information relating to a network taught by Microsoft Windows to include the use of AV/C protocol for controlling the devices of Lea et al. It would have been advantageous for one to utilize such a combination in order to display and control more types of devices, including appliances and electronics that input and output audio and video commands. The user would have the added ability to monitor their home appliances such as the TV or VCR.

Response to Arguments

6. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 13-43 have been considered but are most in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

7. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Ting Zhou whose telephone number is (703) 305-0328. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday - Friday 8:00 am - 5:30 pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, John Cabeca can be reached on (703) 308-3116. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (703) 872-9306.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business

Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

CAO (KEVIN) NOUYEN PRIMARY EXAMINER

26 July 2004